Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, local government, South Carolina, 2020

	Percent of cases involving								
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	8.8	5.4	9.2	21.7	21.3	10.0	23.3	11
Gender:									
Male	100.0	6.4	7.3	7.3	19.3	22.0	7.3	30.3	12
Female	100.0	10.7	3.8	11.5	23.7	21.4	13.0	16.8	11
Age:									
14 - 15									
16 - 19	100.0					66.7			14
20 - 24	100.0	14.3			14.3	42.9		14.3	
25 - 34	100.0	8.2	10.2	8.2	38.8	14.3	8.2	12.2	9
35 - 44	100.0	9.5	4.8	14.3	23.8	26.2		19.0	9
45 - 54	100.0	6.7	6.7	10.0	13.3	21.7	10.0	31.7	16
55 - 64	100.0	11.1		6.3	15.9	19.0	19.0	27.0	20
65 and over	100.0			22.2				44.4	16
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0				40.0	20.0		20.0	9
3 - 11 months	100.0	13.3	6.7		26.7	23.3	16.7	10.0	10
1 - 5 years	100.0	8.2	4.7	14.1	22.4	27.1	5.9	17.6	
5 years or more	100.0	7.9	5.3	7.9	17.5	17.5	11.4	32.5	16
Race or ethnic origin ² : White	100.0	12.2	5.1	12.2	26.5	23.5	6.1	14.3	9
Hispanic or Latino									
Black or African American	100.0	8.7		13.0	19.6	15.2	4.3	37.0	13
Asian	100.0					66.7			12
American Indian or Alaska Native									
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander									
Multi-race									
Hispanic and other									

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 25, 2021

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.